



Waste Statistics in the Emairte of Abu Dhabi 2011

Issued in February 2013

Contents

Introduction	3
Key Points	4
Solid Waste Generation in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi	4
Solid Waste Disposal	6
Municipal Solid Waste	7
Hazardous Waste	8
Waste Management Plants	9
Explanatory Notes	10
Technical Terms	10
Data Sources	11
Technical Notes	11
Notes on Tables	11
More Information	11

Introduction

This report presents statistics on waste generation in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi for the year 2011, compromising statistics on waste by source activity, composition and method of disposal, in addition to municipal and hazardous solid waste statistics. The Centre of Waste Management – Abu Dhabi considered as the main source of the report statistics.

The "Explanatory Notes" section at the end of this report defines the key terms and technical concepts related to waste statistics. Readers are encouraged to refer to that section while reading the statistics and information outlined in the report.

Key Points

Solid Waste Generation

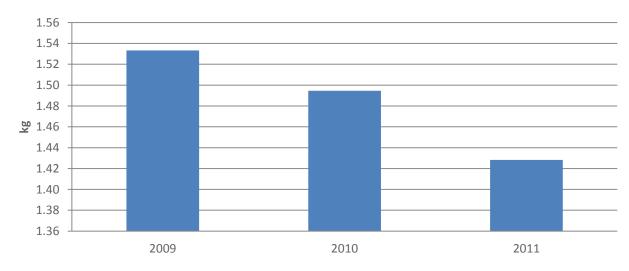
Table (1) shows the quantity of solid waste generated in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi by source activity. In addition, it illustrates the changes between 2009 and 2011, showing that the quantity of waste increased by 8.2 per cent, where waste generated by construction and demolition activities accounted for 72 per cent. The daily per capita of municipal waste decreased from 1.5 kg/per day to 1.4 kg/ per day.

Table (1):	Non-hazardous	solid waste	generation	by source a	activity
(Tons)					

Source	2009	2010	2011
Total	9,768,363	10,476,887	10,565,031
Construction and demolition waste	7,050,000	7,402,500	7,624,575
C & D waste	4,692,857	4,927,500	5,075,325
C & D mixed waste	2,357,143	2,475,000	2,549,250
Industrial and commercial waste	594,857	624,600	643,338
Agriculture waste	754,571	792,300	816,069
General agriculture waste	58,571	61,500	63,345
Agriculture mixed waste	551,714	579,300	596,679
Animal waste	144,286	151,500	156,045
Municipal waste	1,022,286	1,073,400	1,105,602
Households, streets, and public gardens waste	794,571	834,300	859,329
Bulky waste	227,714	239,100	246,273
Sludge	124,827	131,068	135,000
Oil and Gas Waste	210,679	441,319	228,396
Other (Tires waste)	11,143	11,700	12,051

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi , ADNOC.





Source: Statistic Centre - Abu Dhabi.

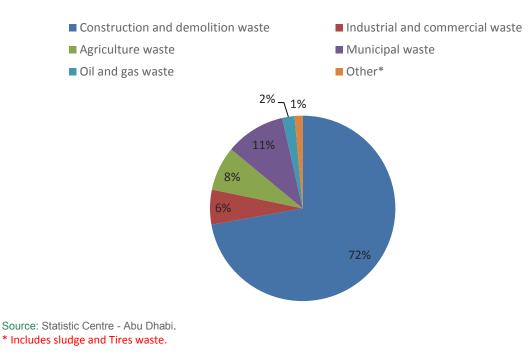
Table (2) reveals the quantity of non-hazardous solid waste by region, showing that the daily waste generation in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi accounted for 28,945 tons/ per day in 2011, making a total waste of 10,565 thousand tons/ per year. Abu Dhabi region contributed 80 per cent from the entire amount. Figure (2) displays the relative distribution of non-hazardous solid waste generation by source activity.

Source	Total	Abu Dhabi	Al Ain	Al Gharbia
Total	10,565,031	8,484,489	1,226,421	854,121
Daily average	28,945	23,245	3,360	2,340
Construction and demolition waste	7,624,575	6,785,331	724,914	114,330
C & D waste	5,075,325	4,316,730	679,800	78,795
C & D mixed waste	2,549,250	2,468,601	45,114	35,535
Industrial and commercial waste	643,338	590,808	37,080	15,450
Agriculture waste	816,069	239,166	175,203	401,700
General agriculture waste	63,345	42,024	10,506	10,815
Agriculture mixed waste	596,679	150,792	132,252	313,635
Animal waste	156,045	46,350	32,445	77,250
Municipal waste	1,105,602	726,768	287,679	91,155
Households, streets, and public gardens waste	859,329	540,750	241,329	77,250
Bulky waste	246,273	186,018	46,350	13,905
Sludge	135,000	135,000	0	0
Oil and Gas	228,396	0	0	228,396
Other (Tires waste)	12,051	7,416	1,545	3,090

Table (2): I	Non-hazardous s	olid waste	generation	by region	and source	activity, 2011
(Tons)						

Source: Statistic Centre - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

Chart (2): Percentage distribution of Non-hazardous solid waste by source activity, 2011



Solid Waste Disposal

Table (3) displays the quantity of solid waste by method of disposal, showing that waste recycling increased from 23.6 per cent in 2009 to 36 per cent in 2011 compared with the waste generated in the same years. Solid waste composted increased as well from 1.7 per cent to 2.5 per cent during the same years.

Source	2009	2010	2011
Total	9,768,364	10,476,887	10,565,031
Recycling	2,308,000	2,423,400	3,802,848
Incineration	na	0	34,029
Composting	170,667	179,200	269,786
Landfill	137,429	144,300	367,263
Dumpsite	6,941,589	7,288,668	5,888,132
Other*	210,679	441,319	202,973

Table (3): Solid waste generation by method of disposal, 2011

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

*Disposed through other specialized companies.

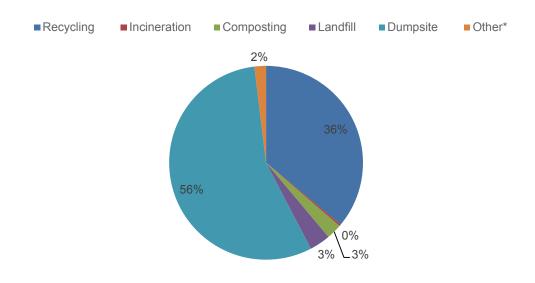


Chart (3): Percentage distribution of solid waste by source and method of disposal

Source: Statistic Centre - Abu Dhabi.

Municipal solid waste

Municipal solid waste in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi reached about 1,105 thousand tons in 2011, of which 61 per cent was disposed in dumpsite, while 16 per cent was composted to be used in the agricultural field as shown in Table (4). Figure (4) shows that municipal waste consisted of: 39 per cent organic materials, 25 per cent paper/ paper board and 19 per cent plastic. The remaining share was glass, metals and textile.

Source	2011	%		
Total	1,105,603	100		
Recycling	164,659	15		
Composting	180,000	16		
Landfill	85,933	8		
Dumpsite and other	675,011	61		

Table (4): Municipal solid waste* by method of disposal, 2011

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi.

* Municipal solid waste includes household waste, waste from streets and parks. Except of oil and gas sector waste.

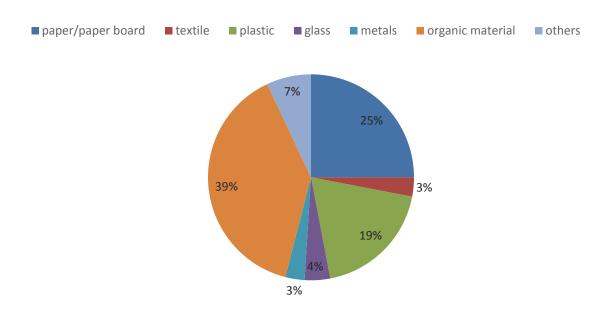


Chart (4): Percentage distribution of municipal solid* waste Composition

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi.

* Does not include waste of oil and gas sector.

Hazardous Waste

The hazardous solid waste consists of medical and biohazardous waste and waste generated by industrial and oil/ gas sectors. Hazardous solid waste in 2011 amounted to 126 thousand tons. Table (6) reveals that 60.4 per cent of the hazardous solid waste received a special treatment, while 33.1 per cent was sent to hazardous waste special dump and 6.5 per cent was incinerated. 9,852 tons of liquid hazardous waste been disposed in 2011 originating from industrial activities in the emirate.

Table (5): Hazardous solid waste generation by source activity

(Tons)			
Source	2009	2010	2011
Industrial	18,033	18,935	19,503
Medical	4,657	4,890	5,037
Slaughterhouses Wastes	24,857	26,100	26,883
Fallen stocks Other	9,714	10,200	10,506
Oil and Gas sector	13,581	72,388	64,226
Total	70,842	132,513	126,155

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

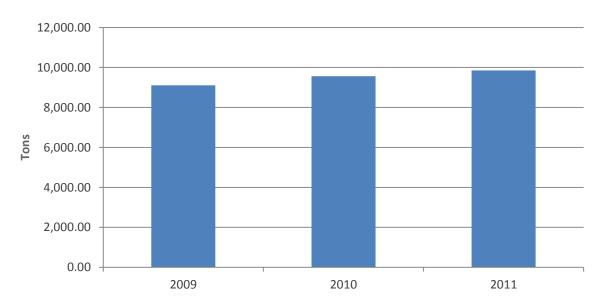


Chart (5): Industrial hazardous liquid waste generated

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi.

Source	Total	Hazardous Waste dump	Incineration and ash to hazardous waste dump	Special treatment in the general dump and other
Industrial	29,355.0	19,503.0	na	9,852.0
Medical	5,036.7	na	1,421.4.0	3,615.3
Wastes Slaughterhouses	26,883.0	18,540.0	na	8,343.0
Fallen stocks Other	10,506.0	3,708.0	6,798.0	na
Oil and Gas sector	64,226.0	na	na	64,226.0
Total	136,006.7	41,751.0	8,219.4	86,036.3

Table (6): Hazardous waste generation by disposal method and source activity, 2011 (Tons)

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

Waste Management Plants

The total number of waste management projects in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi in 2011 was 35 plants, of which there are 11 dumpsites and 6 special treatment projects.

Table(7): Waste management plants in Emirate of Abu Dhabi						
Region	Dumpsite	incineration	Composting	Special treatment	Other	
Abu Dhabi	1	0	2	4	6	
Al Ain	2	2	1	2	6	
Al Gharbia	8	0	1	0	0	

2

4

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi.

Total

11

Total

13

13

9

35

12

6

Explanatory Notes

Technical Terms

This report contains certain terms related to waste; these terms play an important role when analyzing waste statistics for the Emirate of Abu Dhabi. The report includes the following terms:

Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)

The waste that consists of organic materials and trash generated in the kitchen and other households uses. MSW is generated by households and buildings in the residential areas.

Commercial and Industrial Waste

It basically includes municipal waste generated by restaurants, hotels, shopping malls, labour camps and other public and private facilities.

Industrial Hazardous Waste

The waste generated from industrial activities, laboratories, workshops and other public and private facilities that deal with hazardous materials.

Medical Hazardous Waste

The waste generated from hospitals, clinics and medical laboratories. It consists of human parts, tissues, blood, and waste resulting from surgical operations.

Mixed Waste

The waste composed of household trash mixed with building materials and sand in storage locations and / or during the collection.

Safe Waste Landfill

The site, where waste is buried and processed in secure cells. Unlike medical waste landfill, safe waste landfill has no sewage system for contaminated water.

Waste Tires

Waste tires collected from factories and repair workshops.

Construction and Demolition Waste

The waste results from construction and demolition activities.

Slaughterhouse Waste

The waste that composed of animals remains and is generated from slaughterhouses and animal shelters.

Large-scale Waste

The waste composed of unwanted household items and packaging materials resulted from commercial activities.

Data Source

The main sources of the statistics are the Centre of Waste Management – Abu Dhabi, and Abu Dhabi National Oil Company (ADNOC). Data was processed in the Statistics Centre – Abu Dhabi (SCAD) for more editing and research.

Technical Notes

Methodology

Waste generation data in Abu Dhabi, Al Ain and Al Gharbia regions was calculated based on truck scale reports. In case reports were not available, data was calculated based on reports collected from waste contractors and waste sites.

Medical waste data in Abu Dhabi and Al Gharbia regions was estimated based on Al Ain data (actual data derived from truck scale reports of medical waste incineration sites).

Notes on Tables

Changes (levels and per cent) in all tables are based on unrounded numbers.

More information

For more information about waste and other official statistics for Abu Dhabi Emirate, please visit the statistics link on the SCAD website at <u>http://www.scad.ae</u>

Next release is expected in February 2013 covering 2011 data.



www.scad.ae

Tel: +971 2 8100000 - Fax: +971 2 8100800 P.O. Box: 6036, Abu Dhabi, U.A.E.