



Waste Statistics 2017



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Introduction

This report presents statistics on waste generation in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi for the year 2017, compromising statistics on waste by source activity, composition and method of disposal, in addition to municipal and hazardous solid waste statistics. The Centre of Waste Management – Abu Dhabi and Abu Dhabi National Oil Company (ADNOC) are the main sources of the report statistics.

The "Explanatory Notes" section at the end of this report defines the key terms and technical concepts related to waste statistics. Reader can refer to that section while reading the statistics and information outlined in the report.



Waste in Abu Dhabi Emirate

Waste known as the unwanted materials caused by the daily activities of human beings, whether domestic or municipal or industrial activities. Waste management and treatment are of particular interest to the government of Abu Dhabi Emirate in order to minimize the waste effects on health.

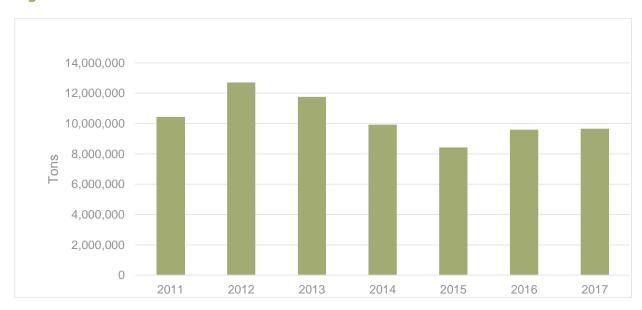
The amount of solid waste generated in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi totalled about 9.657 million tons in 2017, non-hazardous waste formed 98.1 percent, while hazardous waste accounted for a small proportion of about 1.9 percent as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Total Non-hazardous and hazardous solid waste in Abu Dhabi Emirate

Source	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	12,786,673	11,845,276	10,001,810	8,478,523	9,675,062	9,657,447
Non- hazardous solid waste	12,705,902	11,762,602	9,918,590	8,420,998	9,598,969	9,477,037
Hazardous solid waste*	80,771	82,674	83,220	57,525	76,093	180,410

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC

Figure 1: Total of solid waste in Abu Dhabi Emirate



^{*} Data of hazardous wastes exports were Included in 2017.



Non-hazardous waste

Non-hazardous waste refers to materials that cause no serious environmental problems and are easy to dispose in an environmentally safe manner. The economic growth witnessed in the Emirate in various fields such as construction and demolition activities, in addition to industrial, commercial and agricultural activities, which required promoting of waste reduction practices to limit the growth in waste generation amounts

Solid waste generation

Table 2 refers to the amount of waste generated in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi by source, and economic activity. It also illustrates the change happened between 2012 and 2017. Data shows that the total amount of waste in 2017 decreased by 25.4 %, construction and demolition waste accounted for more than 41.7%. The daily per capita municipal waste was approximately 1.29 kg /day as shown in figure 2.

Table (2): Non-hazardous solid waste generation by source activity (Tons)

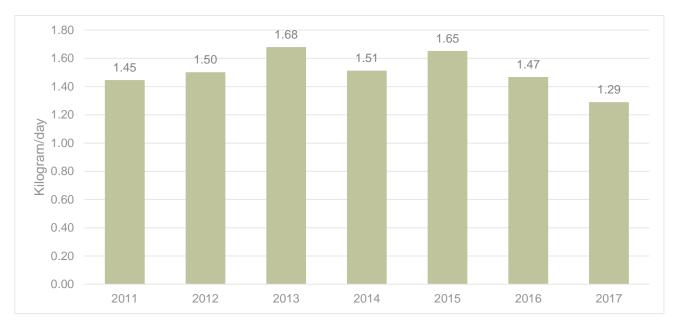
Source	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	12,705,902	11,762,602	9,918,590	8,420,998	9,598,969	9,477,037
Construction and demolition waste	9,628,309	7,692,921	4,419,665	2,876,313	4,532,379	3,959,319
C & D waste	5,721,367	2,767,342	1,723,497	2,042,883	2,580,913	2,589,660
C & D mixed waste	3,906,942	4,925,579	2,696,168	833,430	1,951,465	1,369,659
Industrial and commercial waste	804,174	1,305,556	3,312,125	3,306,644	2,692,768	3,169,212
Agriculture waste	898,258	999,239	561,991	493,106	745,644	933,505
General agriculture waste	305,749	339,078	320,689	380,465	503,001	567,992
Mixed agriculture and Animal waste	592,509	660,161	241,302	112,641	242,643	365,513
Municipal waste	1,272,668	1,528,093	1,466,590	1,678,983	1,561,680	1,372,140
Households, streets, and public gardens waste	1,059,219	1,234,336	1,298,955	1,420,323	1,397,292	1,194,208
Bulky waste	213,449	293,757	167,635	258,660	164,387	177,932
Other*	102,493	236,793	158,219	65,952	66,499	42,861

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

^{*}Include Oil and Gas sector



Figure 2: Amount of municipal waste per capita* per day



Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC and Statistics Centre - Abu Dhabi

* Mid-year population estimate used to calculate per capita value

Note: Municipal Solid Waste excluding data from labour camps and developer of residential projects

Figure 3: Percentage distribution of Non-hazardous solid waste by source activity - 2017

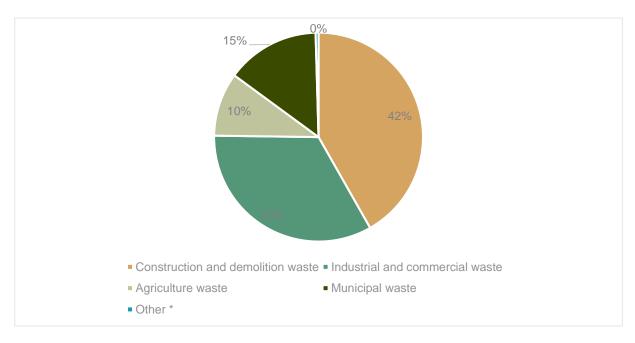




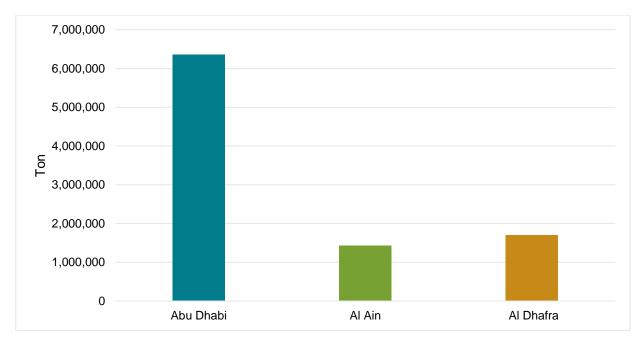
Table 3 shows the amount of non-hazardous solid waste by region; the average daily production of waste in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi in 2017 was about 25.96 thousand tons / day, while the total amount of waste was about 9.5 million tons in 2017. Abu Dhabi region generated about 67.1 percent Figure 4 shows a comparison of waste generated between regions.

Table 3: Non-hazardous solid waste generation by region and source activity- 2017 (Tons)

Source	Total	Abu Dhabi	Al Ain	Al Dhafra
Total	9,477,037	6,358,032	1,422,333	1,696,672
Daily average	25,964	17,419	3,897	4,648
Construction and demolition waste	3,959,319	2,243,791	526,457	1,189,071
C & D waste	2,589,660	2,156,090	391,809	41,761
C & D mixed waste	1,369,659	87,701	134,648	1,147,310
Industrial and commercial waste	3,169,212	3,050,335	50,682	68,195
Agriculture waste	933,505	65,744	556,456	311,305
General agriculture waste	567,992	58,127	273,679	236,186
Mixed agriculture waste	365,513	7,617	282,777	75,119
Municipal waste	1,372,140	955,301	288,738	128,101
Households, streets, and public gardens waste	1,194,208	868,895	230,911	94,402
Bulky waste	177,932	86,406	57,827	33,699
Other *	42,861	42,861	-	-

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

Figure 4: Non-hazardous solid waste by region -2017



^{*} Waste from oil and Gas sector.



Solid Waste Disposal

Table 4 displays the quantity of solid waste by method of disposal, showing that waste recycling contribution in waste disposing was 28.4 percent in 2017. Solid waste composted is around 2.2 percent from the total waste.

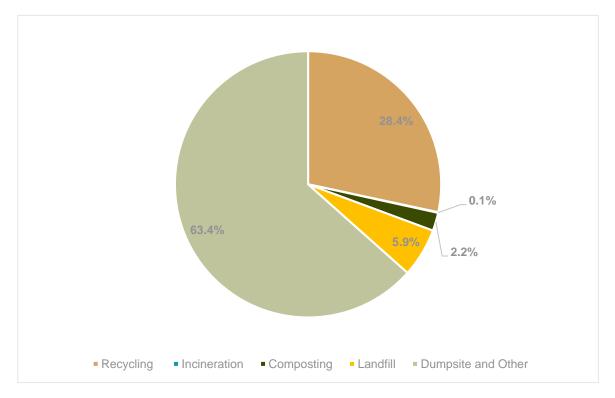
Table (4): Solid waste generation by method of disposal

(Tons)

Source	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	12,705,902	11,762,602	9,918,590	8,420,998	9,598,969	9,477,037
Recycling	3,805,411	3,198,113	1,812,052	2,189,109	2,854,149	2,687,932
Incineration	37,830	40,917	4,774	21,510	9,824	7,514
Composting	367,273	458,491	463,355	452,627	228,126	209,188
Landfill	452,704	470,725	149,298	172,794	181,555	561,940
Dumpsite and Other *	8,042,684	7,594,356	7,489,111	5,584,958	6,325,315	6,010,463

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

Figure 5: Percentage distribution of solid waste by method of disposal – 2017



^{*} Disposed through other specialized companies.



Municipal solid waste

Municipal solid waste in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi totalled 1.37 million tons in 2017, of which 57 percent was disposed in dumpsite as shown in Table 5. Figure 6 shows the relative distribution of municipal solid waste

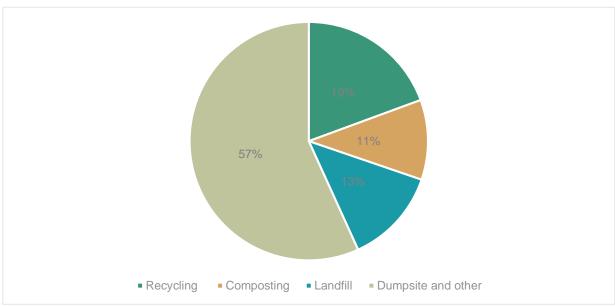
Table (5): Municipal solid waste by method of disposal

(Tons)

Method of disposal	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	1,272,668	1,528,093	1,466,590	1,678,983	1,561,680	1,372,140
Recycling Composting Landfill	197,590 216,000 103120	244,495 259,776 122,247	88,555 146,636 149,298	329,470 148,246 154,209	266,109 151,133 164,387	268,302 148,866 177,932
Dumpsite and other	755,958	901,575	1,082,101	1,047,058	980,050	777,040

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi.

Figure 6: Percentage distribution of municipal solid waste by method of disposal - 2017





Hazardous Waste

Hazardous solid waste consists of medical waste in addition to waste generated by industrial and oil/ gas sectors. Hazardous solid waste totalled 180 thousand tons in 2017. Table 7 reveals that 34 percent of the hazardous solid wastes were landfilled.

Table (6): Hazardous solid waste generation by source activity

(Tons)

Source	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	80,771	82,674	83,220	57,525	76,093	180,410
Industrial waste	30,758	-	10,463	2,209	391	173
Medical waste	6,000	6,000	1,732	4,573	6,316	6,374
Oil and Gas sector waste	12,082	44,649	56,305	29,938	17,466	19,655
Other*	31,931	32,025	14,720	20,805	51,920	154,208

Source: The Centre of Waste Management – Abu Dhabi, ADNOC

Table (7): Hazardous solid waste generation by disposal method and source activity - 2017

(Tons)

Source	Total	Recycling	Secure landfill	Incineration	Other
Total	180,410	4,894	61,517	2,209	111,790
Industrial waste	19,828	4,894	721	130	14,083
Medical waste	6,374	-	4,295	2,079	-
Other waste*	154,208	-	56,501	-	97,707

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi, ADNOC.

^{*} Include sewage sludge (contain heavy metal)and exported waste.

^{*} Include oil and gas sector waste



Waste Management Plants

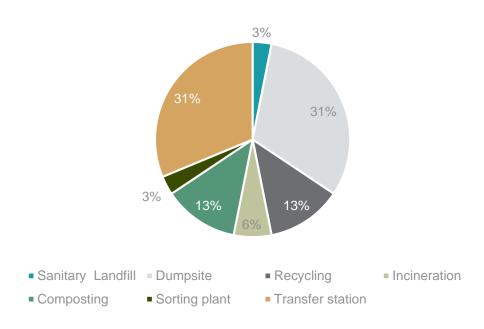
The Government of Abu Dhabi is keen to provide a healthy environment and it pays a special attention to advanced waste treatment methods. The total number of waste management projects in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi reached 32 projects in 2017.

Table 8: Waste management plants in Emirate of Abu Dhabi - 2017

Item	Abu Dhabi	Al Ain	Al Dhafra
Total	10	13	9
Sanitary Landfill	-	1	-
Dumpsite	1	1	8
Recycling	1	3	-
Incineration	-	2	-
Composting	2	1	1
Sorting plant	-	1	-
Transfer station	6	4	-

Source: The Centre of Waste Management - Abu Dhabi.

Figure 7: Percentage distribution of waste management plants by disposal method - 2017





Explanatory Notes

Glossary

This report contains certain terms related to waste; these terms play an important role when analysing waste statistics for the Emirate of Abu Dhabi. The report includes the following terms:

Wastes

This term indicates materials that are not prime products (i.e., products produced for the market), for which the generator has no further use for his own purpose of production, transformation or consumption, and which he discards, or intends or is required to discard. In addition, this term excludes material directly recycled or reused at the place of generation (i.e., establishment) and waste materials that are directly discharged into ambient water or air as wastewater or air pollution.

Collected Non Hazardous Wastes

It refers to non hazardous waste which is collected by or on behalf of municipalities or government, as well as municipal waste which is collected by the private sector, It also includes mixed waste, and fractions collected separately for recovery operations (through door-to-door collection and / or through voluntary deposits).

Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)

Collected waste by or on behalf of municipalities, public or private enterprises, which includes waste originating from: households, commerce and trade, small businesses, office buildings and institutions (schools, hospitals, government buildings). It also includes bulky waste (e.g., white goods, old furniture, mattresses) and waste from selected municipal services, e.g., waste from park and garden maintenance, waste from street cleaning services (street sweepings, the content of litter containers, market cleansing waste), if it's managed as waste, the definition excludes waste from municipal sewage network and treatment, municipal construction and demolition waste.

Commercial and Industrial Waste

It includes municipal waste generated by restaurants, hotels, shopping malls, labour camps and other public and private facilities.

Industrial Hazardous Waste

The waste generated from industrial activities, laboratories, workshops and other public and private facilities that deal with hazardous materials.

Medical Hazardous Waste

The waste generated from hospitals, clinics and medical laboratories. It consists of human parts, tissues, blood, and waste resulting from surgical operations.



Mixed Waste

The waste composed of household trash mixed with building materials and sand in storage locations and / or during the collection.

Secure landfill

The site where waste buried and processed in secure cells. Unlike medical waste landfill, safe waste landfill has no sewage system for contaminated water.

Construction and Demolition Waste

The waste results from construction and demolition activities.

Large-scale Waste

The waste composed of unwanted household items and packaging materials resulted from commercial activities.

Data Sources

The main sources of the statistics are the Centre of Waste Management – Abu Dhabi, and Abu Dhabi National Oil Company (ADNOC). Data processed in the Statistics Centre – Abu Dhabi (SCAD) for more editing and research.

Technical Notes

Methodology

Waste generation data in Abu Dhabi, Al Ain and Al Dhafra regions was calculated based on truck scale reports. In case reports were not available, data calculated based on reports collected from waste contractors and waste sites.

Medical waste data in Abu Dhabi and Al Dhafra regions estimated based on Al Ain data (actual data derived from truck scale reports of medical waste incineration sites).

Notes on Tables

Changes (levels and percent) in all tables based on unrounded numbers.

More information

For more information about waste and other official statistics for Abu Dhabi Emirate, please visit the statistics link on the SCAD website at http://www.scad.ae

Next release expected in July 2019 covering 2018 data.



www.scad.ae