



مركز الإحصاء
STATISTICS CENTRE



Import - Export Unit Value Index (MXUVI)

Second Quarter 2018

Released Date: September 2018

Introduction

The United Arab Emirates is one of the developed countries that has established its position on the global trade map. It has maintained its position as the most important market for commodity exports and imports in the region. It has also strengthened its role in the international trade arena strongly over the past years. It is expected to witness growth, and prosperity at all levels, including trade in both goods and services, where the movement of exports and imports in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi is an important element in the economic development of the Emirate.

The economic development of the Emirate of Abu Dhabi is an important element in the decision making of the political leadership and government plans for achieving progress and development and keeping pace with the developed world. As a result of this interest, the overall development of the Emirate and development of the national economy has reached advanced global levels through its competitive advantages.

Statistics Center- Abu Dhabi is the official entity responsible for issuing all official statistics, which fulfills the requirements of Abu Dhabi Plan in providing accurate statistical information and data to support the decision-making process. Statistics Center- Abu Dhabi compiled the Import-Export Unit Value Index (MXUVI) through the use of international best practices, methods and methodologies in calculating this index.

Briefing

This publication provides an analysis of the results of the calculation for Import-Export Unit Value Index (MXUVI) for the Second Quarter of 2018 with the base year 2014 according to the "Harmonized System" sections and the classification of "Broad Economic Categories".

Key Points

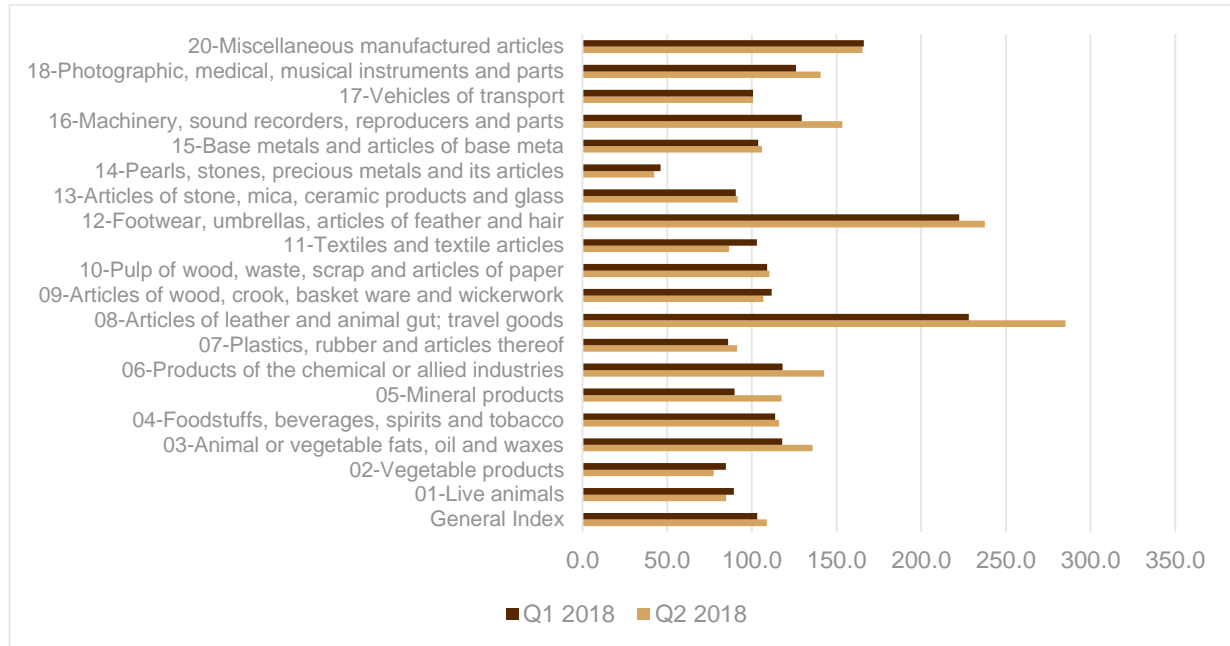
The Import Unit Value Index

- The Import Unit Value Index increased by 5.2% from 103.4% in the second quarter of 2017 to 108.7% in the second quarter of 2018.
- The Import Unit Value Index increased by 5.5% from 103.1% in the first quarter of 2018 to 108.7% in the second quarter of 2018.

The Export Unit Value Index

- The Export Unit Value Index increased by 7.4% from 81.2% in the second quarter of 2017 to 87.3% in the second quarter of 2018.
- The Export Unit Value Index increased by 3.8% from 84.1% in the first quarter of 2018 to 87.3% in the second quarter of 2018.

Figure 1: Imports Unit Value Index for the first and second quarters of 2018 according to the "Harmonized System" (2014=100)



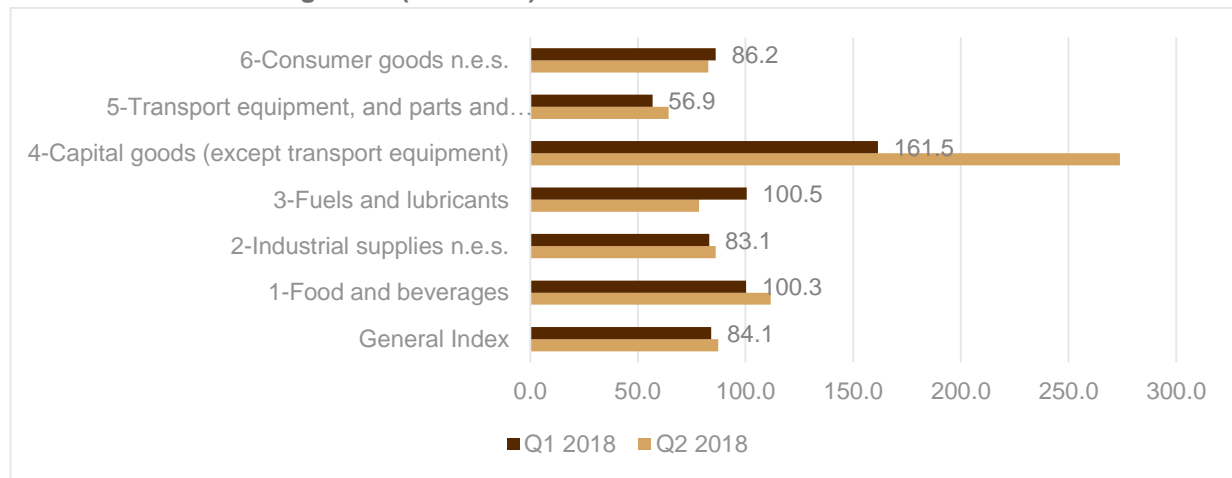
Source: Statistics Centre - Abu Dhabi

Table 1: Imports Unit Value Index for the second quarter of 2018 compared with the second quarter of 2017 according to the Broad Economic Categories System (2014=100)

Categories Broad Economic	Q2 2017	Q2 2018	Percentage change %
General Index	103.4	108.7	5.2
1-Food and beverages	103.4	100.4	-2.9
2-Industrial supplies n.e.s.	88.9	98.4	10.6
3-Fuels and lubricants	79.6	108.2	36.0
4-Capital goods (except transport equipment)	124.0	158.0	27.4
5-Transport equipment, and parts and accessories thereof	113.9	101.4	-11.0
6-Consumer goods n.e.s.	125.0	160.2	28.2

Source: Statistics Centre - Abu Dhabi

Figure 2: Export Unit Value Index for the first and second quarters of 2018 by classification of "Broad Economic Categories" (2014=100)



Source: Statistics Centre - Abu Dhabi

Table 2: Exports Unit Value Index for the second quarter of 2018 and the second quarter of 2017 according to the Harmonized System (2014=100)

Harmonized System	Q2 2017	Q2 2018	Percentage change %
General Index	81.2	87.3	7.4
01-Live animals	191.3	248.1	29.7
02-Vegetable products	114.4	64.5	-43.6
03-Animal or vegetable fats, oil and waxes	92.7	99.6	7.5
04-Foodstuffs, beverages, spirits and tobacco	92.2	93.3	1.2
05-Mineral products	74.4	52.1	-29.9
06-Products of the chemical or allied industries	100.1	104.2	4.1
07-Plastics, rubber and articles thereof	76.6	83.7	9.3
08-Articles of leather and animal gut; travel goods	61.1	26.2	-57.2
09-Articles of wood, crook, basket ware and wickerwork	58.3		
10-Pulp of wood, waste, scrap and articles of paper	88.3	98.2	11.2
11-Textiles and textile articles	76.3	78.6	3.0
12-Footwear, umbrellas, articles of feather and hair		122.4	
13-Articles of stone, mica, ceramic products and glass	100.8		-100.0
14-Pearls, stones, precious metals and its articles		96.2	
15-Base metals and articles of base meta	89.1	273.9	207.5
16-Machinery, sound recorders, reproducers and parts	77.4	64.3	-16.9
17-Vehicles of transport	65.6		
18-Photographic, medical, musical instruments and parts		110.8	
20-Miscellaneous manufactured articles	31.0		

Source: Statistics Centre - Abu Dhabi

Notes

Technical notes

For better understanding of the statistical indicators mentioned in this summary, please refer to the accompanied technical notes on the SCAD website.

Data sources

Data are obtained through Abu Dhabi Customs. The data are processed and passed to the Prices and Income Section at Statistic Centre – Abu Dhabi for further editing and compilation.

More information and detailed release

For more information about the Import-Export Unit Value Index (MXVUI) and other official statistics, please visit the statistics link on the SCAD website at <http://www.scad.gov.abudhabi>

Disclaimer / Terms of Use

SCAD produces publications for the benefit of government, communities, individuals, and businesses. SCAD shall not be liable for any loss or damage suffered by the user following the misuse of the statistics supplied in good faith by SCAD. Users of official statistics are responsible for determining when and how to use the statistics for specific purposes. The user exempts SCAD from any legal obligation related to errors that may occur outside its control or without its knowledge. The user also waives the right to obtain compensation for losses or damages that may be caused as a result of that error.

SCAD's official statistics are protected under copyright laws, except where otherwise indicated. The contents of this publication may be reproduced, in whole or in part, and by any means, without further permission from SCAD.

Source: Statistics Centre – Abu Dhabi